- c) adsorbing the nucleic acids in the second buffer solution onto the surface of a mineral support material, optionally in the presence of lower alcohols, poly(ethylene glycol), or a mixture thereof, and
- d) desorbing the nucleic acids from the mineral support material using an eluant, wherein the eluant is water or a third buffer solution, which has an ionic strength lower than the second buffer solution.
- 41. The process according to claim 40, wherein the process steps b) and c) are carried out in immediate succession.
- 42. The process according to claim 40, wherein, prior to the digesting step, the cells are subjected to centrifugation or filtration in order to remove undissolved components.
- 43. The process according to claim 40 further comprising, between the steps at and b), one or more washing steps using a fourth buffer solution, which has a low ionic strength, optionally increasing ionic strength per washing step.
- 44. The process according to claim 40 further comprising, between the steps c) and d), one or more washing steps using a fifth buffer solution, which has an ionic strength higher than the first buffer solution.
- 45. The process according to claim 40 further comprising, between the steps c) and d), at least one washing step using an aqueous alcoholic solution.
- 46. The process according to claim 40 further comprising, between the steps c) and d), a washing step using a

solution having an ionic strength corresponding to a 1.5 molar sodium perchlorate solution and a pH of 5.

- 47. The process according to claim 40, wherein the anion exchanger has a high surface charge.
- 48. The process according to claim 40, wherein the isolated and purified nucleic acid comprises from 10 nucleotides to 200,000 nucleotides.
- 49. The process according to claim 40, wherein the mineral support material is silical gel, glass, zeolite, aluminum oxide, titanium dioxide, zirconium dioxide, kaolin, diatomacae, or a combination thereof.
- 50. The process according to claim 40, wherein the anion exchanger includes a porous or non-porous matrix having a particle size of from 1 to 250  $\mu m$ .
- 51. The process according to claim 40, wherein the anion exchanger includes a porous or non-porous matrix having a particle size of from 10 to 30  $\mu m$ .
- 52. The process according to claim 40, wherein the mineral support is silica gel, in suspension, having a particle size of from 1 to 250  $\mu m$ .
- 53. The process according to claim 40, wherein the mineral support is silica gel, in suspension, having a particle size of from 1 to 5  $\mu$ m.
- 54. The process according to claim 40, wherein the anion exchanger has a particle size of from 1 to 250  $\mu$ m and a pore diameter of from 1 to 2,500 nm.

- 55. The process according to claim 40, wherein the anion exchanger has a particle size of from 10 to 100  $\mu m$  and a pore diameter of from 1 to 2,500 nm.
- 56. The process according to claim 40, wherein the anion exchanger has a particle size of from 10 to 100  $\mu m$  and a pore diameter of from 100 to 400 nm.
- 57. The process according to claim 40, wherein the anion exchanger has a particle size of from 1 to 250  $\mu m$  and a pore diameter of from 100 to 400 nm.
- 58. The process of claim 45, wherein the aqueous alcoholic solution includes from 1 to 7 M sodium perchlorate, from 1 to 7 M guanidine-HCl, from 1 to 5 M sodium chloride, from 1 to 6 M sodium iodide, and 1 M sodium chloride/20% ethanol, propanol, isopropanol, butanol, poly(ethylene/glycol), or a mixture thereof.
- 59. The process of claim 40 wherein the eluant is a buffer solution that comprises water and Tris at a pH value of from 5 to 9.
- 60. A process for the isolation and purification of nucleic acids from digested cells comprising the steps of:
- a) removing cell debris from the digested cells by passing the digested cells through a filter having decreasing pore size in flow direction to effect an effluent,
- b) subjecting the effluent to an on exchange against an anion exchanger in a buffer solution of low ionic strength.
- 61. A process for the isolation and purification of nucleic acids from digested cells comprising the steps of: